

## C: Dividing Integers

Same sign rules:

$$+ \div + = +$$

$$- \div - = +$$

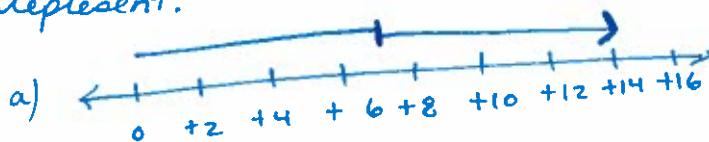
$$+ \div - = -$$

$$- \div + = -$$

\* Try to think sign  $\div$  sing then  $\# \div \#$ .

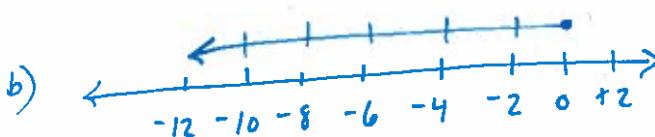
### Examples

1. Write two division statements that each diagram could represent.



a)  $(+14) \div (+2) = +7$   
 end ↑      amount ↑      where 1st "tick"  
 number      of arrows      falls  
 (separations)      (increments)

or  $(+14) \div (+7) = (+2)$   
 end ↑      1st "tick" ↑      number of  
 number      (increments)      arrows.  
 (separations)



b)  $(-12) \div (6) = (-2)$   
 end ↑      amount ↑      where 1st "tick"  
 number      of arrows      falls.  
 (separations)

or  $(-12) \div (+2) = (-6)$   
 end ↑      where 1st "tick" ↑      number of  
 number      falls      arrows  
 (separations)

2. Determine each quotient.

a)  $(+24) \div (+6)$   $+ \div +$  is +ive.

$= +4$   $24 \div 6 = 4$

b)  $(-28) \div (-7)$   $- \div -$  is +ive.

$= +4$   $28 \div 7 = 4$

c)  $(+20) \div (-5)$   $+ \div -$  is -ive.

$= +4$   $20 \div 5 = 4$

d)  $(-84) \div (+2)$  -ive  $\div$  +ive is -ive

$= -4$   $84 \div 2 = 42$

e)  $(-30) \div (-30)$  -  $\div$  - is +ive

$= +1$   $30 \div 30 = 1$

f)  $0 \div (-11)$  \* 0 divided by anything. is 0!!!

\* Don't give zero a sign!

Assignment Pg. 310 # 5-10

(for 7-10 just divide don't use a number line.)