## A: Using Exponents to Describe Numbers Continued

## Examples:

 The volume of a cube with an edge length of 5 cm is 125 cm<sup>3</sup>. Write the volume in repeated multiplication form and exponential form.

 $V = A_{base} \times h$  $= I \times W \times h$ 



If you don't have the formula you will lose a mark!

= 5 x 5 x 5 = 5<sup>3</sup>

repeated multiplication exponential form

5cm

2. Arrange the following powers from least to greatest value: 123, 35, 44, 26, 73

 $1^{23} = 1$ 

1 Raised to any exponent will always be 11

 $3^5 = 243$ 

You should use your exponent button to solve the remaining powers.

 $4^4 = 256$ 

 $2^6 = 64$ 

 $7^3 = 343$ 

Least to Greatest: 123, 26, 35, 44, 73



- 3. Express 16 as a power where the exponent is 4 and the base is
- a. Positive
- b. Negative

16 is the number, (answer), you get when you have solved the power!

 $X^4 = 16$ 

14 = 1

 $2^4 = 16$ 

a. positive:  $2^4 = 16$ 

b. Negative  $(-2)^4 = 16$ 

you have to include the negative sign in brackets to get the

negative sign to cancel (-2 x -2 x -2 x -2)!

4. A single bacterium doubles in number every hour.

a. How many bacteria are present after 8h?

Time	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bacteria	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	128	256

b. How could you represent this using a power?

Doubling requires multiples of 2 so 2 is the base! This happens over a period of 8 hours so 8 becomes the exponent!

28 = 256

Assignment: Page 97 #14 - 21